

## Free Online Sources for Family History

1. [www.census.nationalarchives.ie](http://www.census.nationalarchives.ie)
2. [www.civilrecords.irishgenealogy.ie](http://www.civilrecords.irishgenealogy.ie)
3. [www.registers.nli.ie](http://www.registers.nli.ie)
4. [www.titheapplotmentbooks.nationalarchives.ie](http://www.titheapplotmentbooks.nationalarchives.ie)
5. [www.askaboutireland.ie](http://www.askaboutireland.ie).
6. [www.familysearch.org](http://www.familysearch.org)
7. [www.findagrave.com](http://www.findagrave.com)
8. [www.irelandxo.com](http://www.irelandxo.com)
9. [www.irelandoldnews.com](http://www.irelandoldnews.com)
10. [www.logainm.ie](http://www.logainm.ie)
11. [www.rootschat.com](http://www.rootschat.com)
12. [www.clarelibrary.ie/genealogy](http://www.clarelibrary.ie/genealogy)

### Notes

1. The 1901 and 1911 census. Beware of the ages given, especially those in 1911! The spelling of places and persons may also differ from 1901 to 1911. If you click the "Browse" button it can also be a help.
2. Civil records begin at 1864. Extra information is shown in "Image" for the following:- Births 1864-1918; Marriages 1864-1943; Deaths 1891-1968. For other dates you have to go to the County HSE headquarters or to the General Register Office, Werburgh St., Dublin 2.
3. Church Records (baptisms and marriages) up to 1880. Most begin around 1850 but it was much earlier in some dioceses.
4. Tithe Applotment Books are the earliest state records, from the 1820s to early 1840s. There are lots of omissions and they only deal with rural entries. Some of the spellings of placenames are atrocious.
5. Griffiths Valuation – scroll down to this. A very good source which gives the name of the head of each household.
6. A good source for Irish and USA connections especially.
7. You can be lucky finding some graves in these lists. However, a visit to a local graveyard is great. Some inscriptions have been recorded by *Fas* schemes and are held in County libraries.
8. Ireland Reaching Out: used extensively by the Irish overseas looking for roots.
9. Newspapers: You might be lucky to find news about your own place.
10. Placenames explained.
11. Queries from people looking for relatives.